

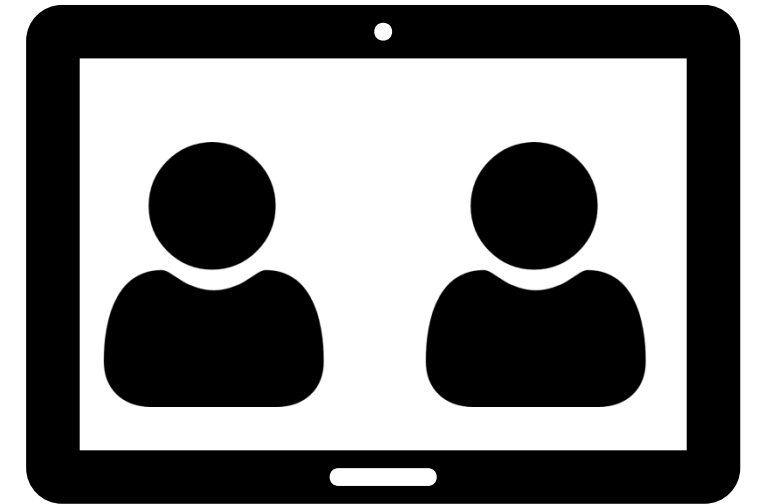
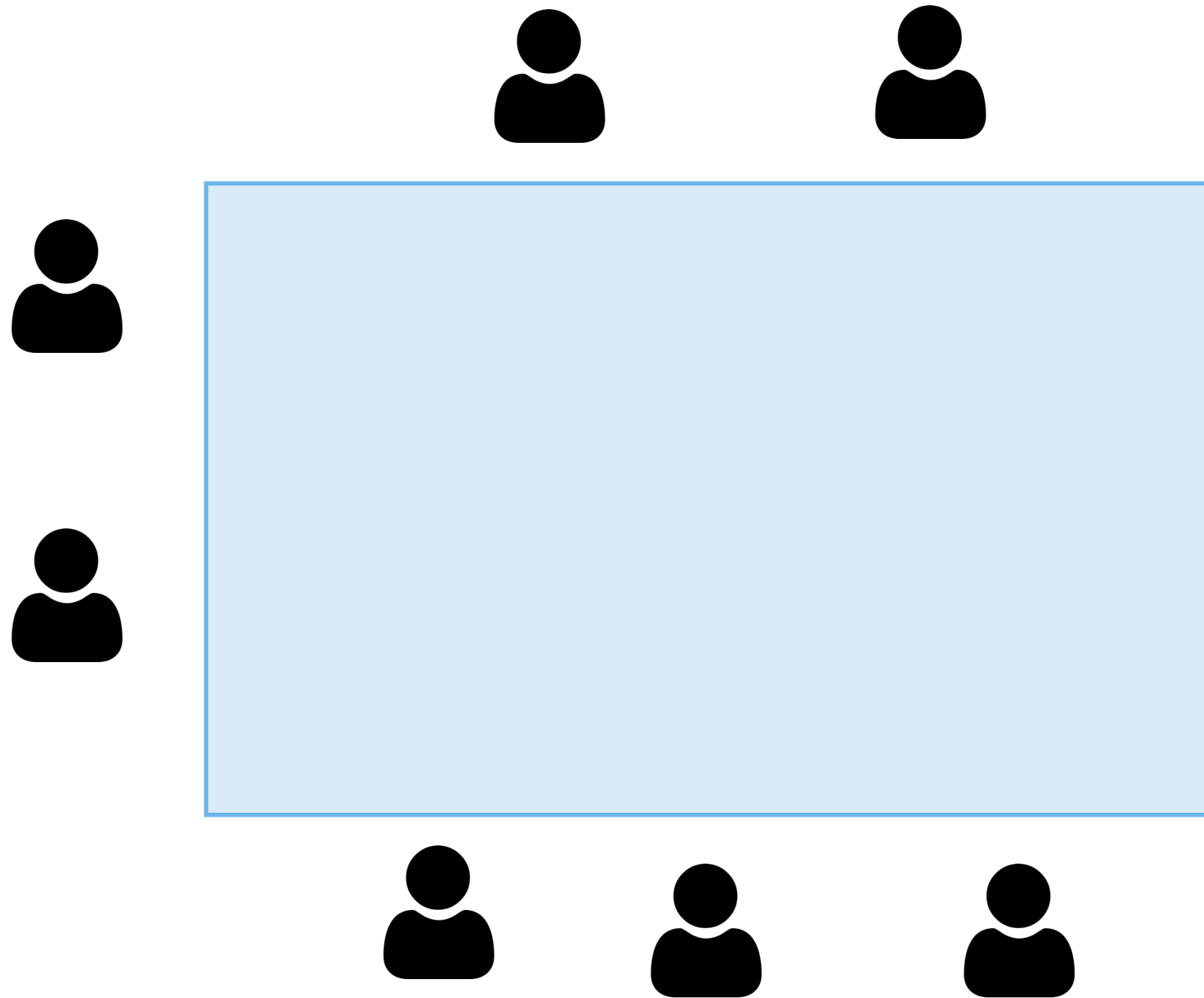
# Leveraging Distributed Microphones for Enhanced Speech Separation

Stijn Kindt

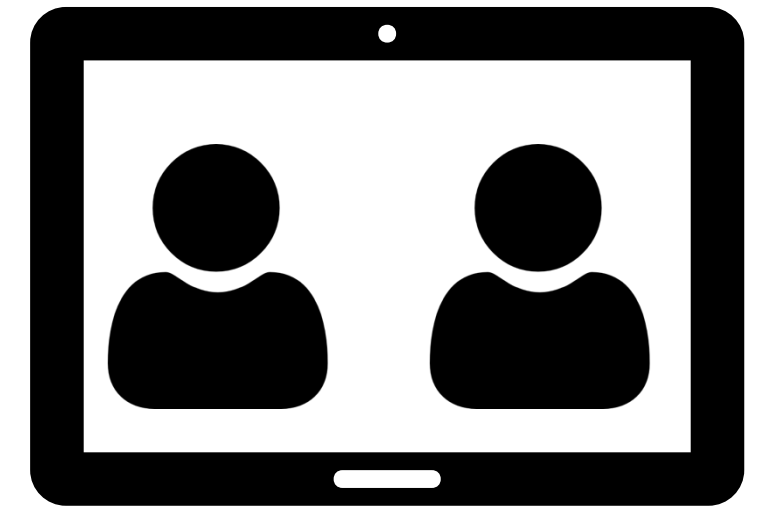
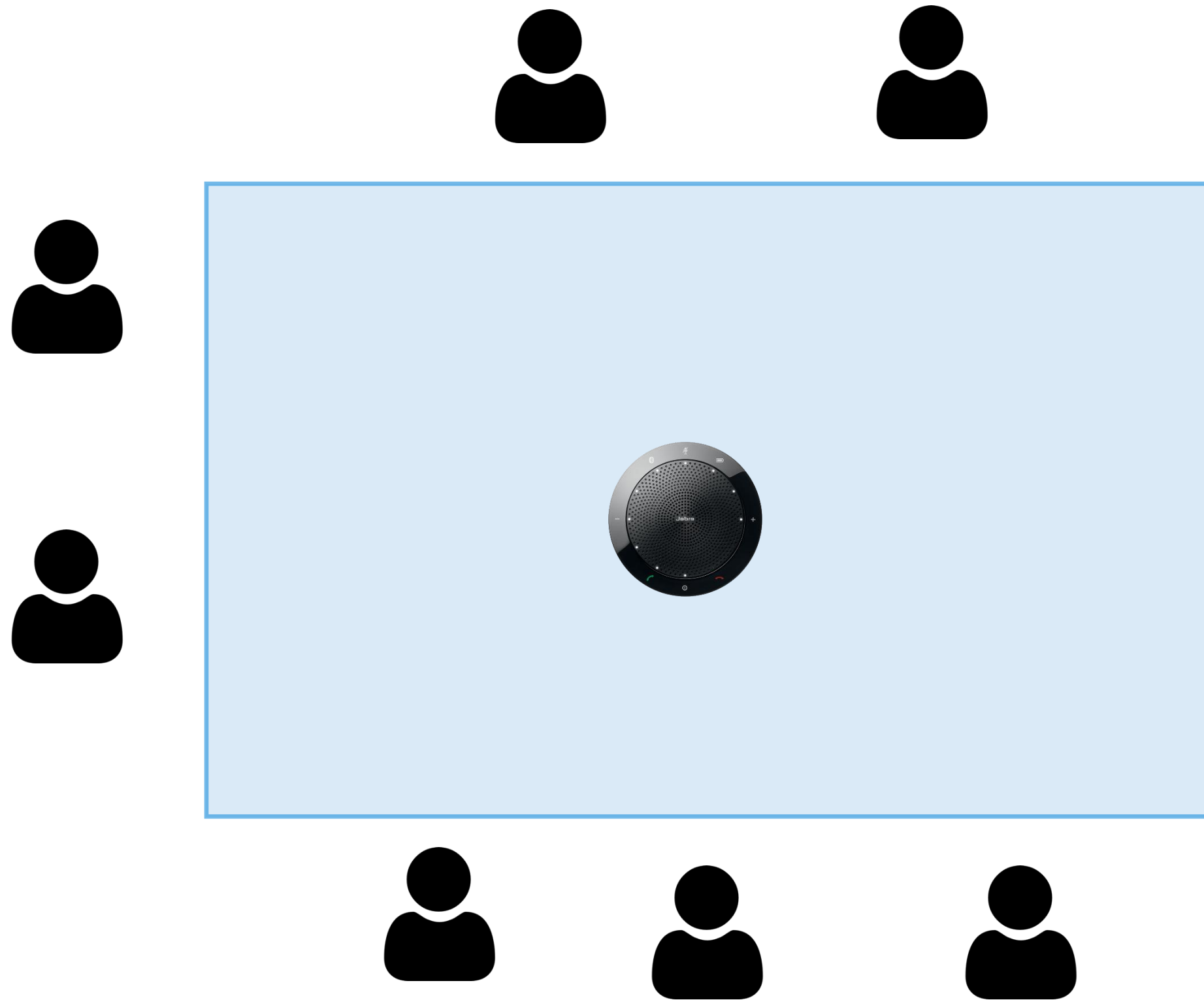
# Setting



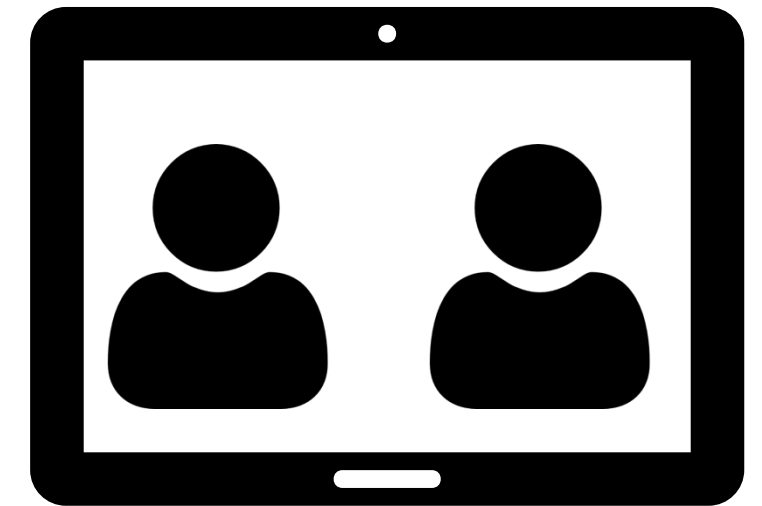
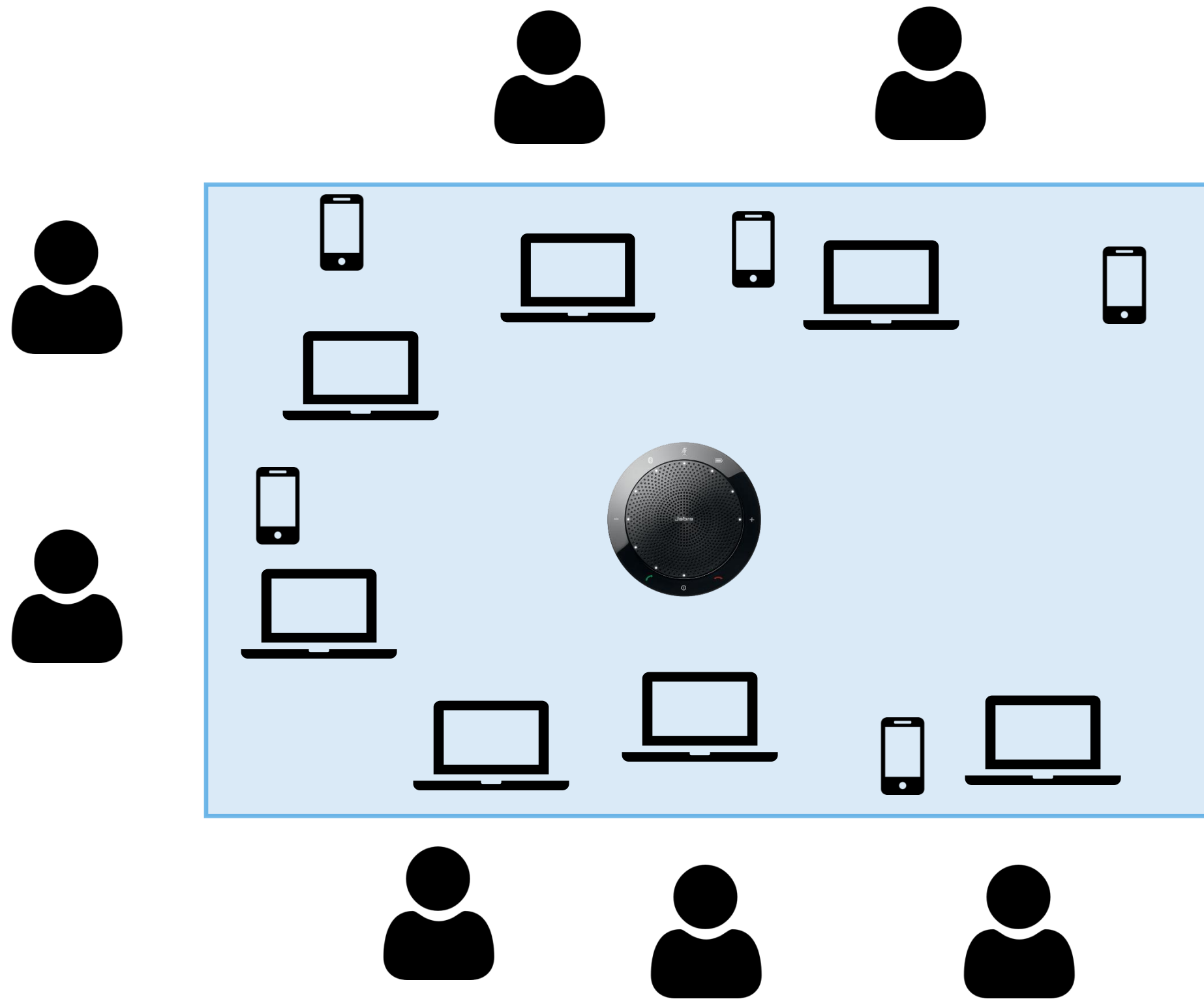
# Setting



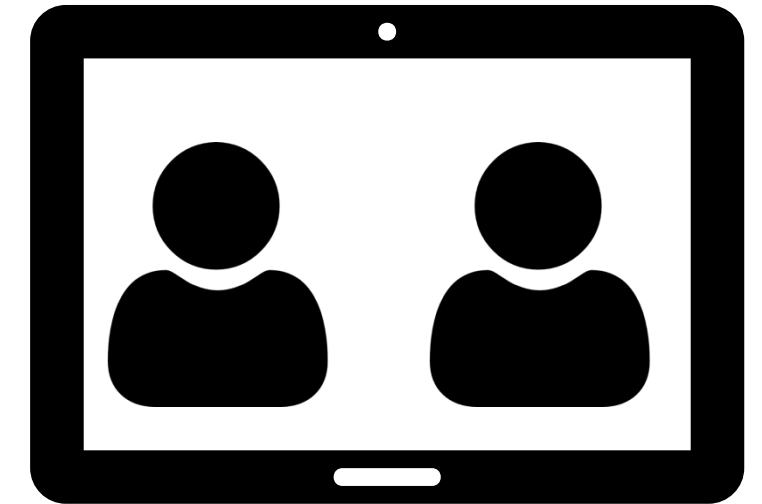
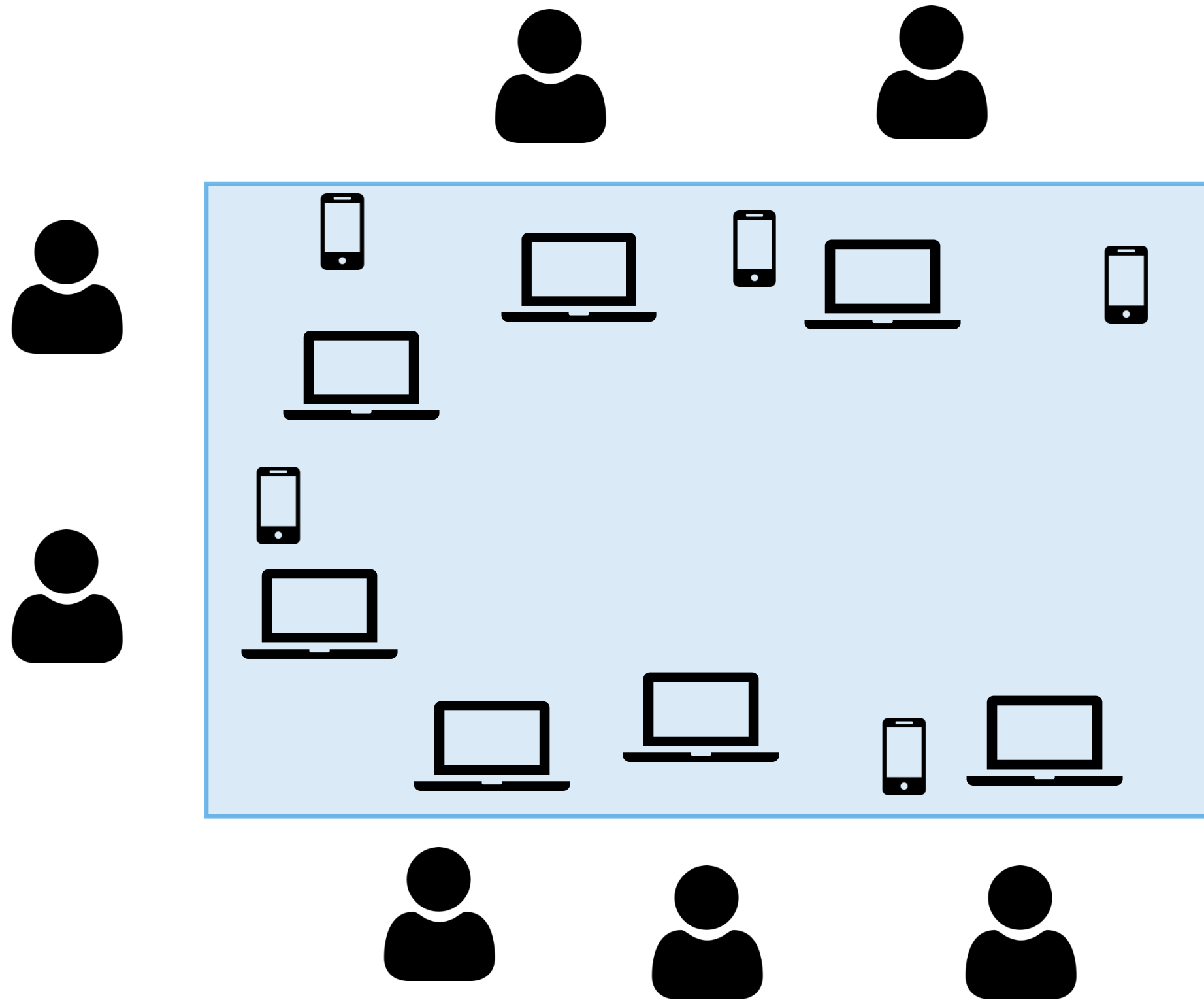
# Setting



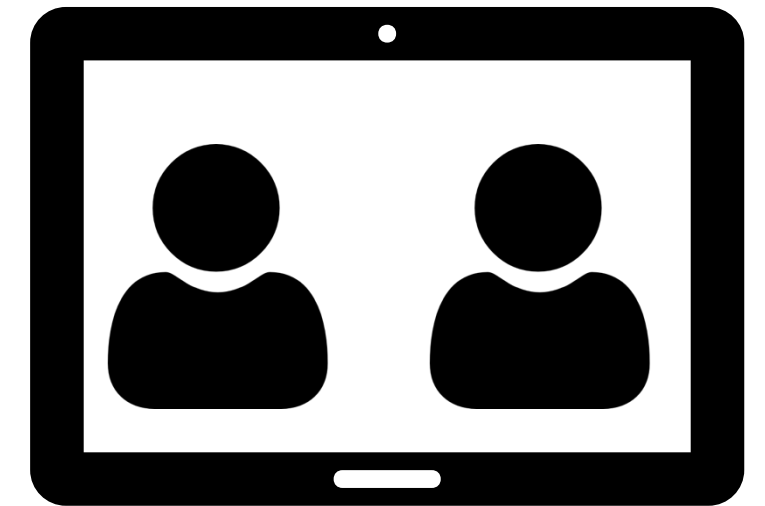
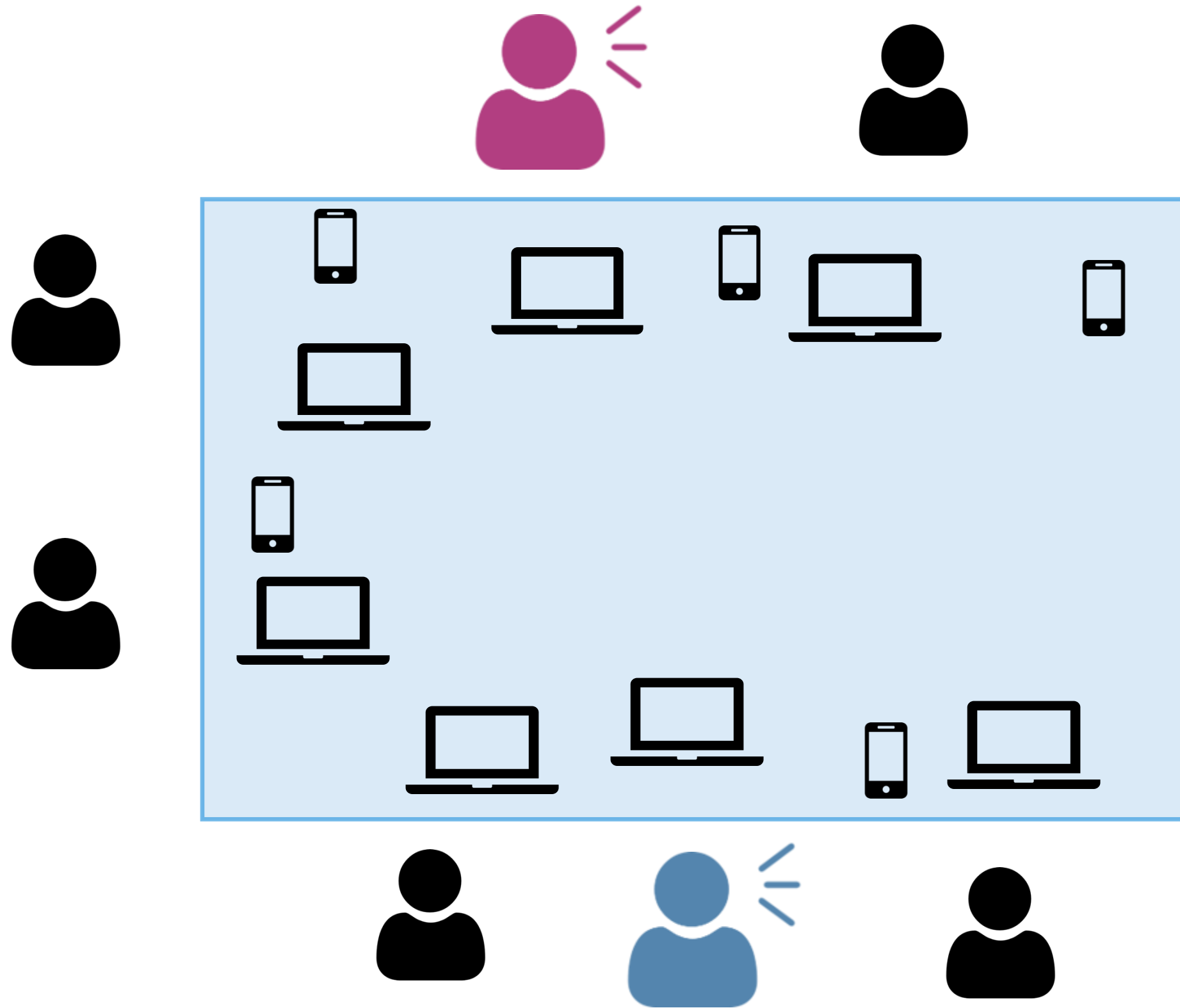
# Setting



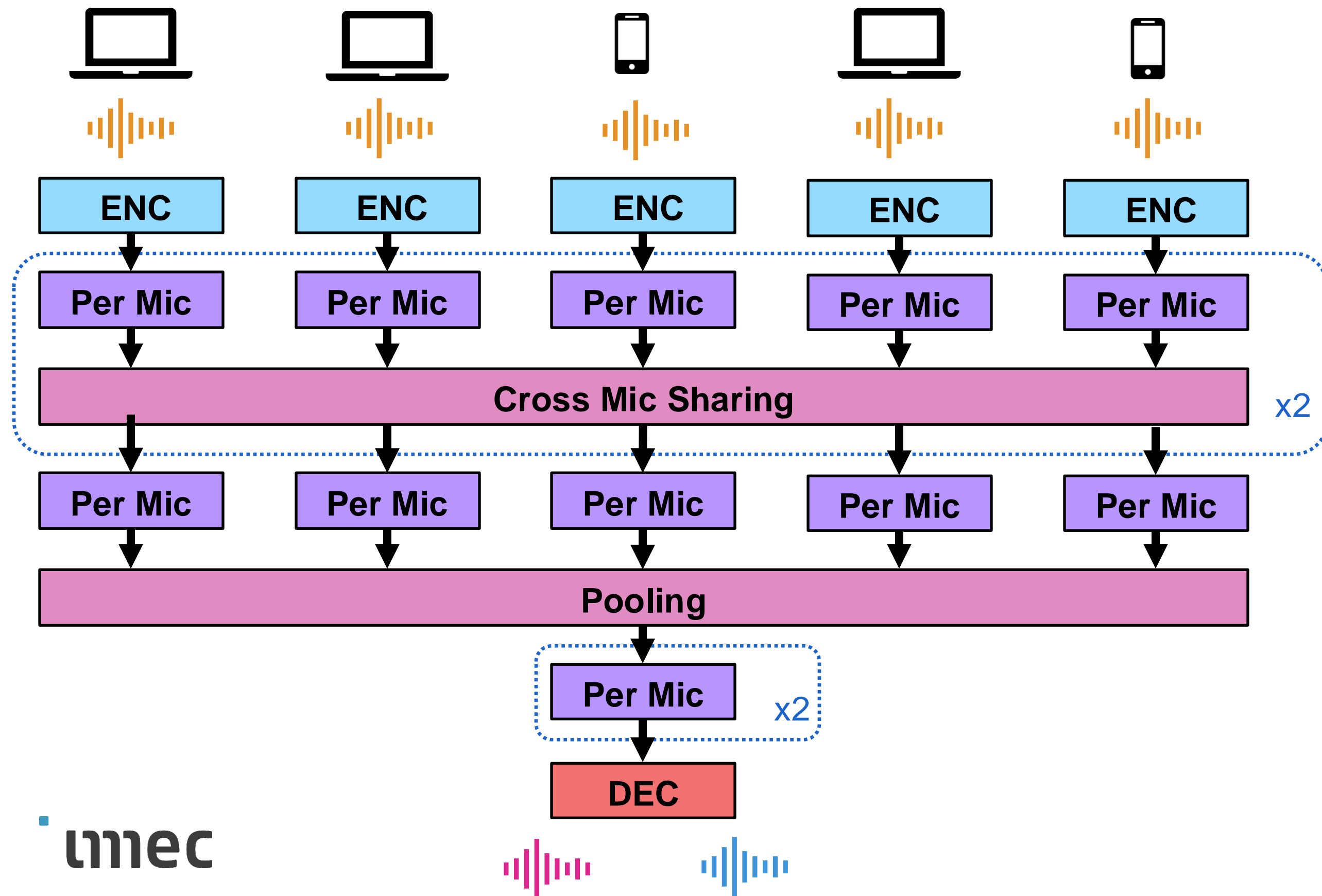
# Array Agnostics



# Array Agnostics

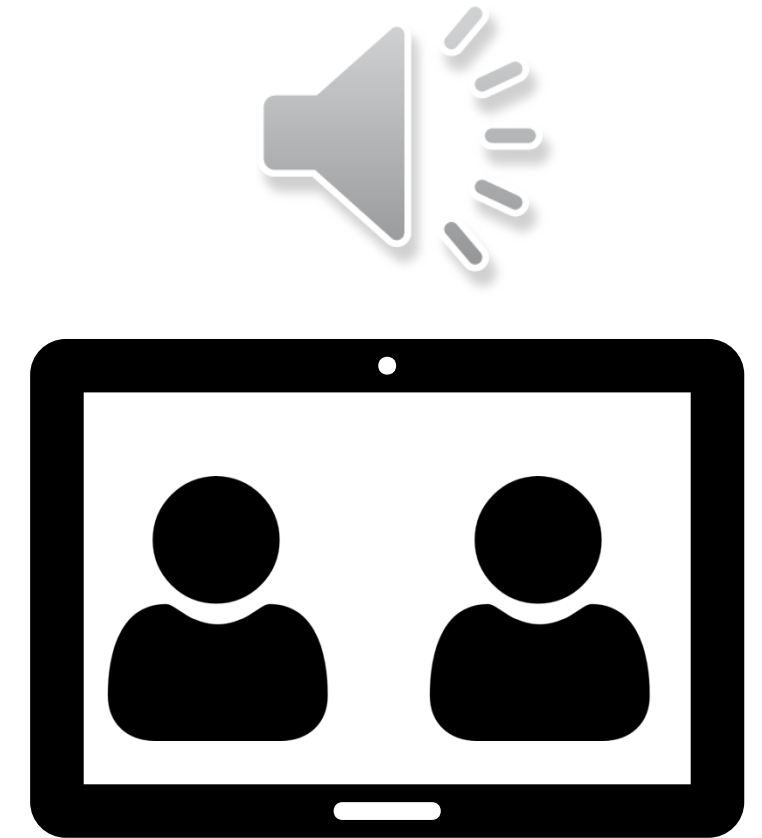
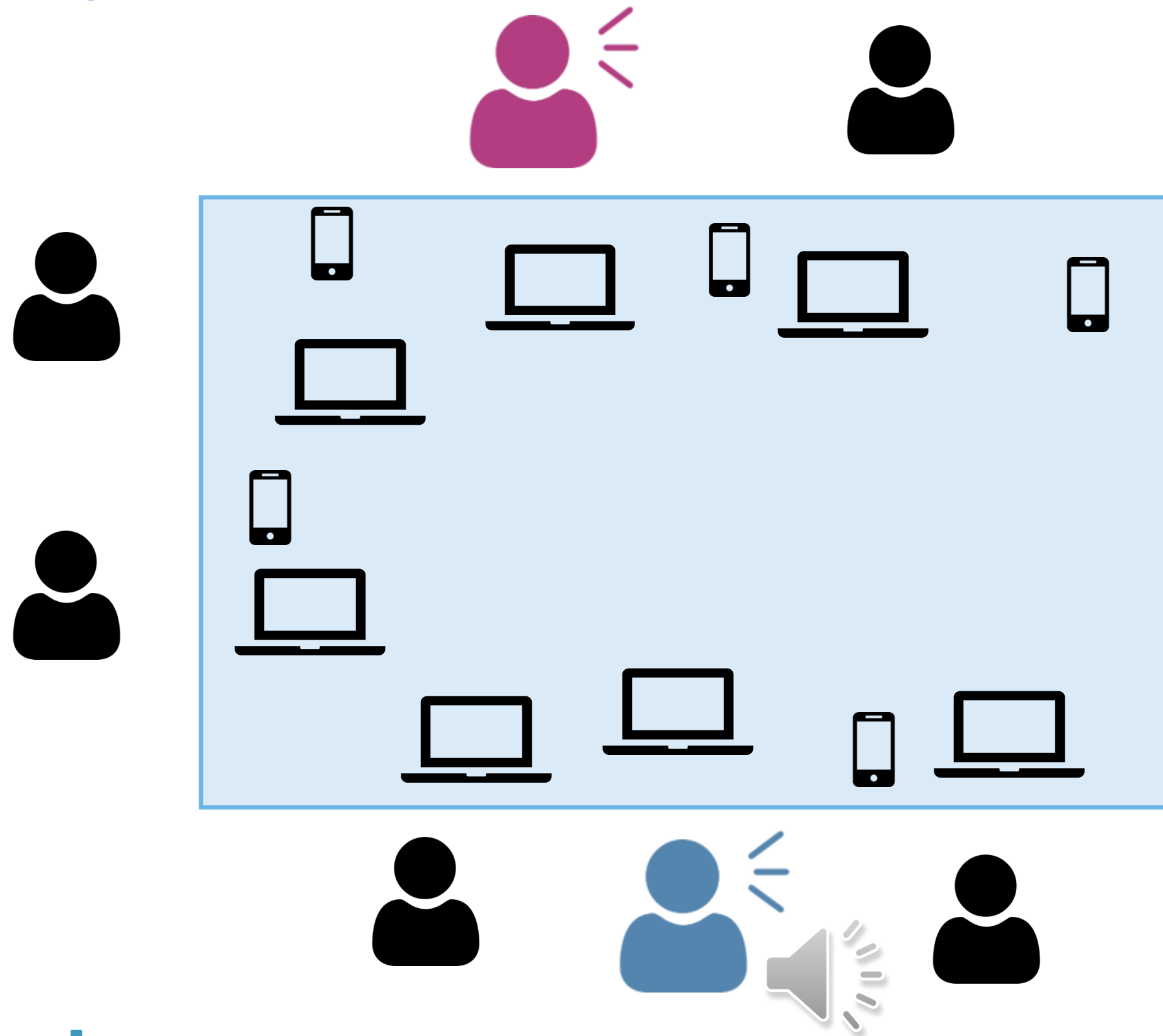


# Array Agnostic DNNs

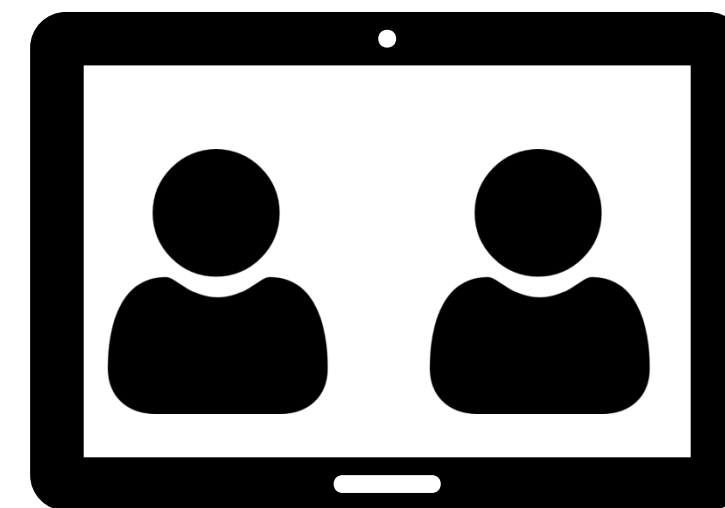
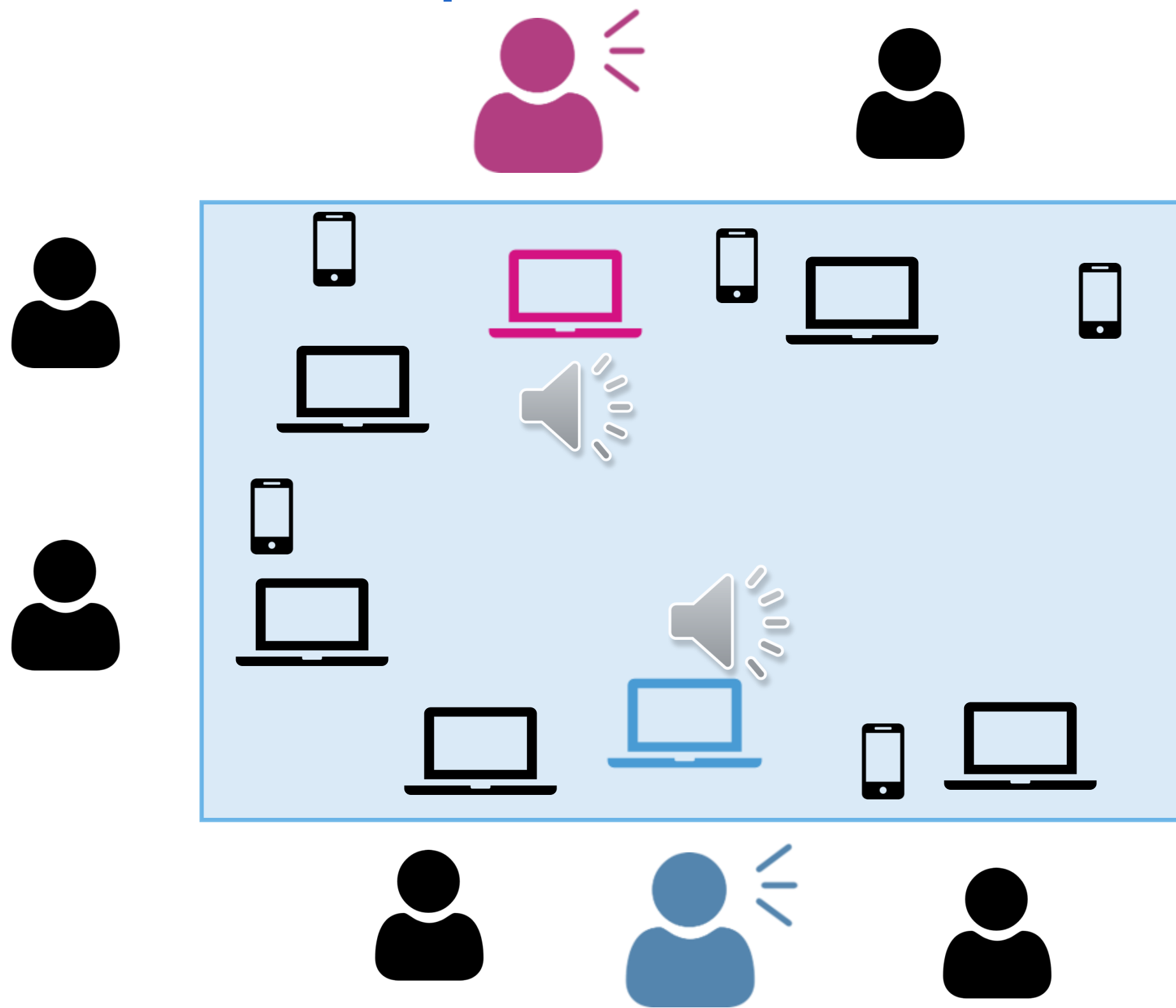




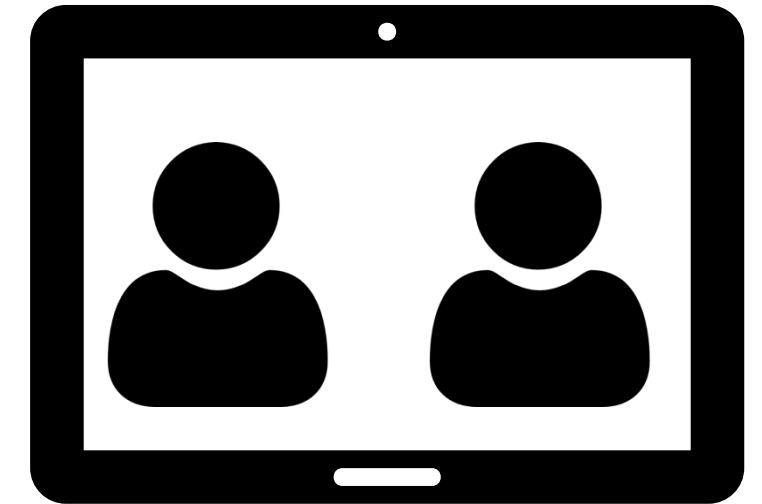
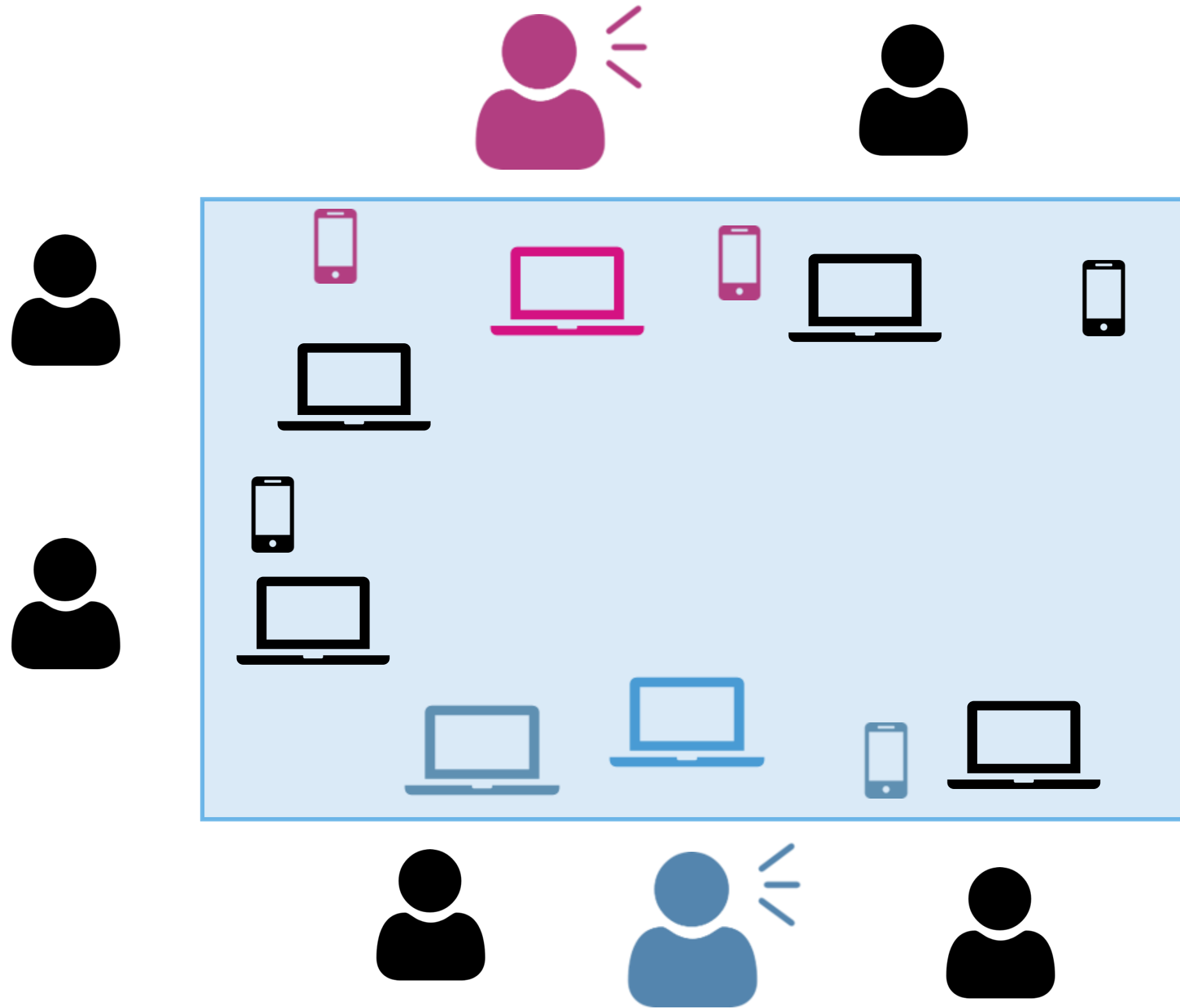
# Array Agnostics



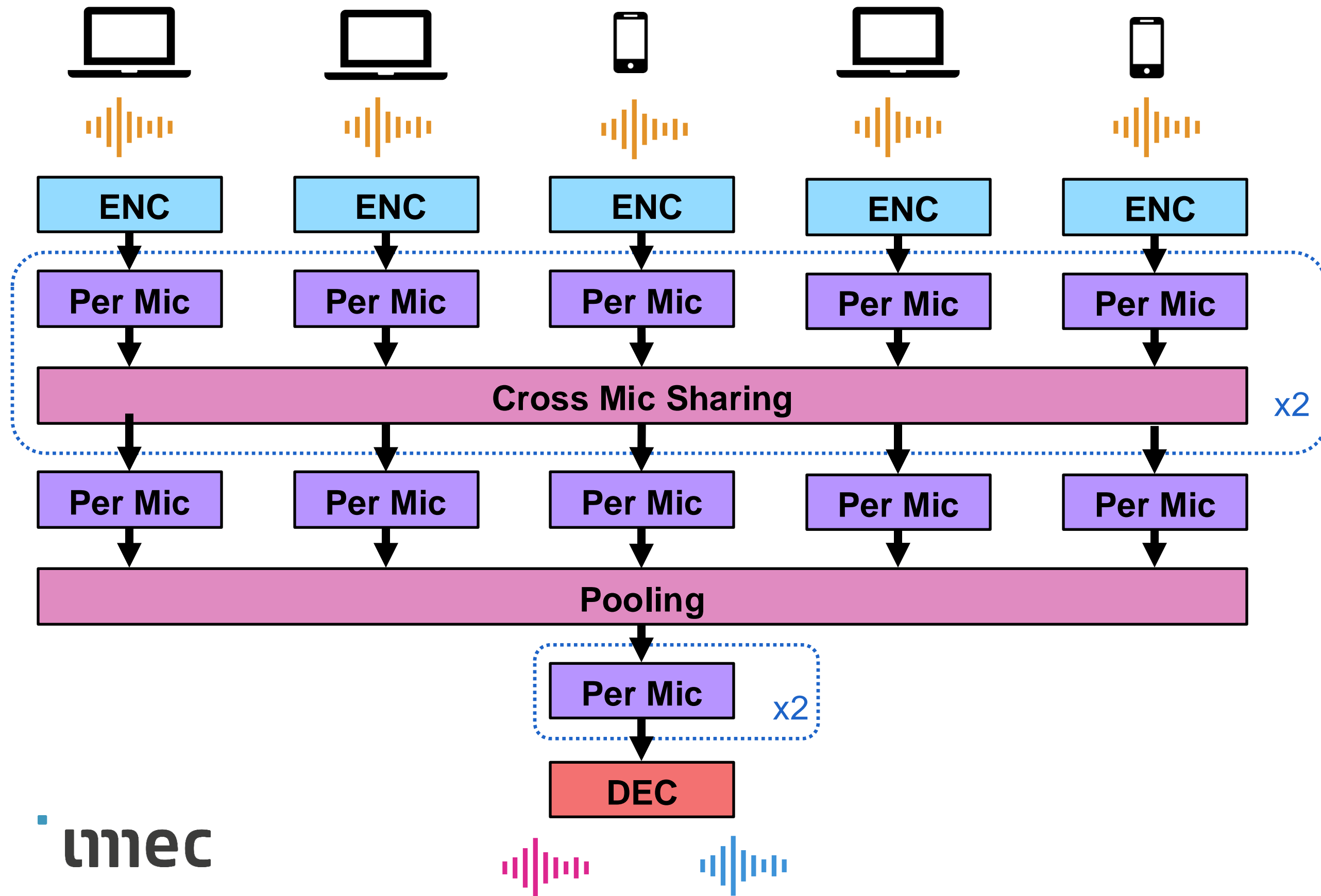
# Reference Microphone



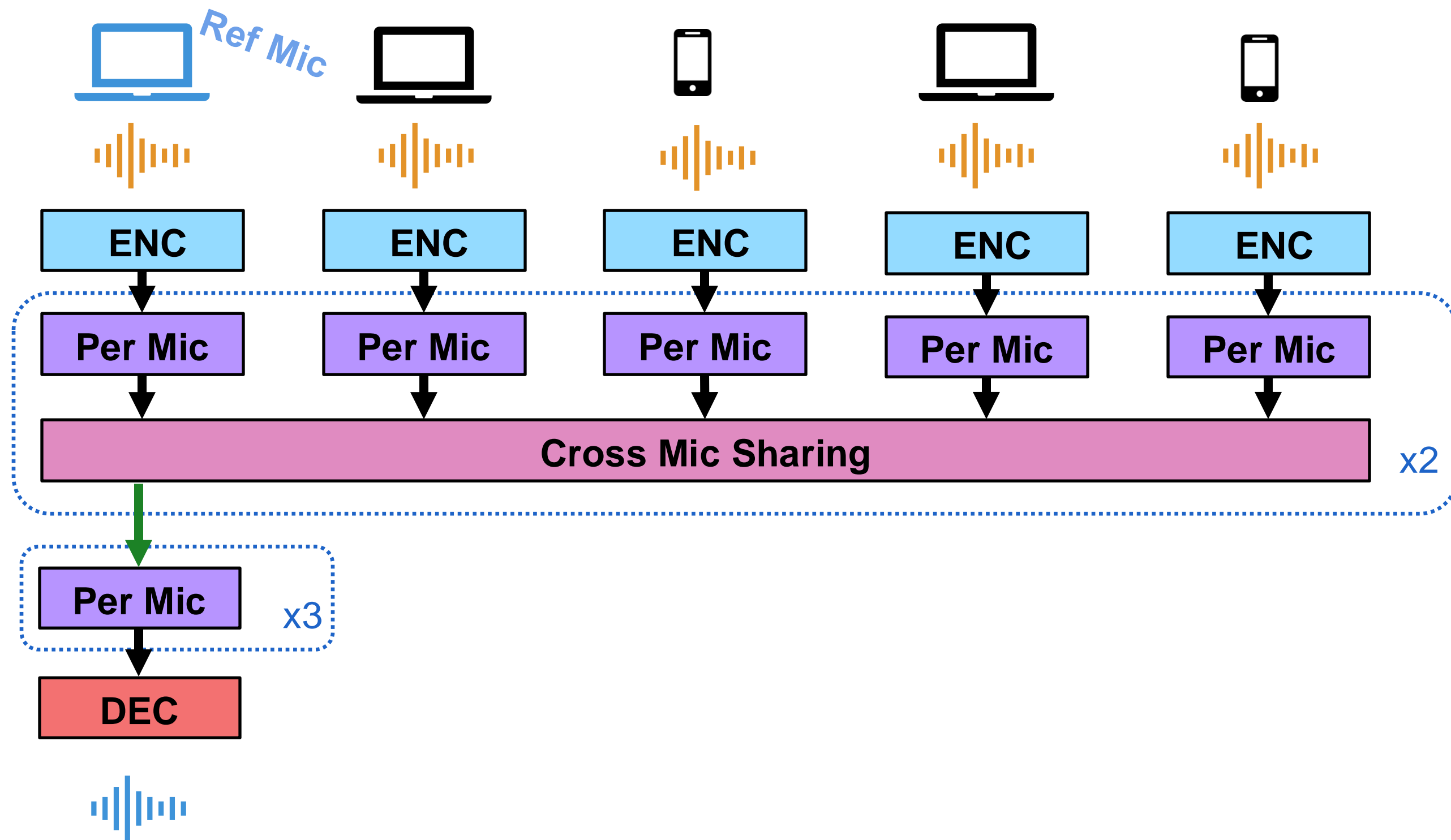
# Clustering



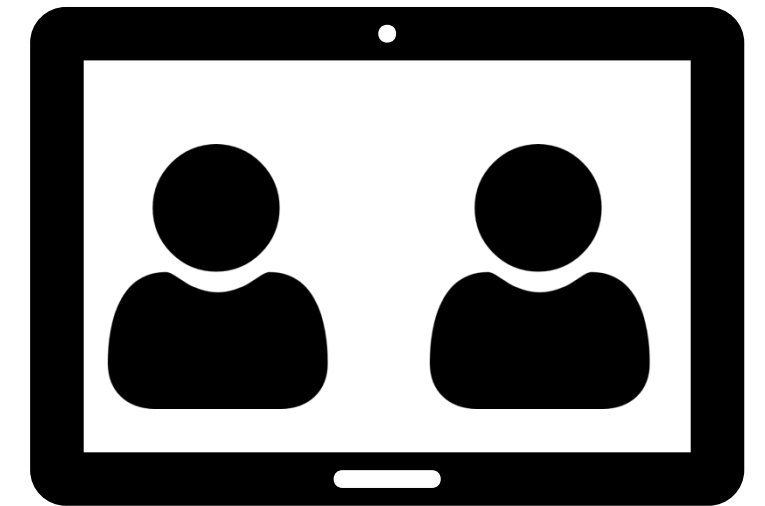
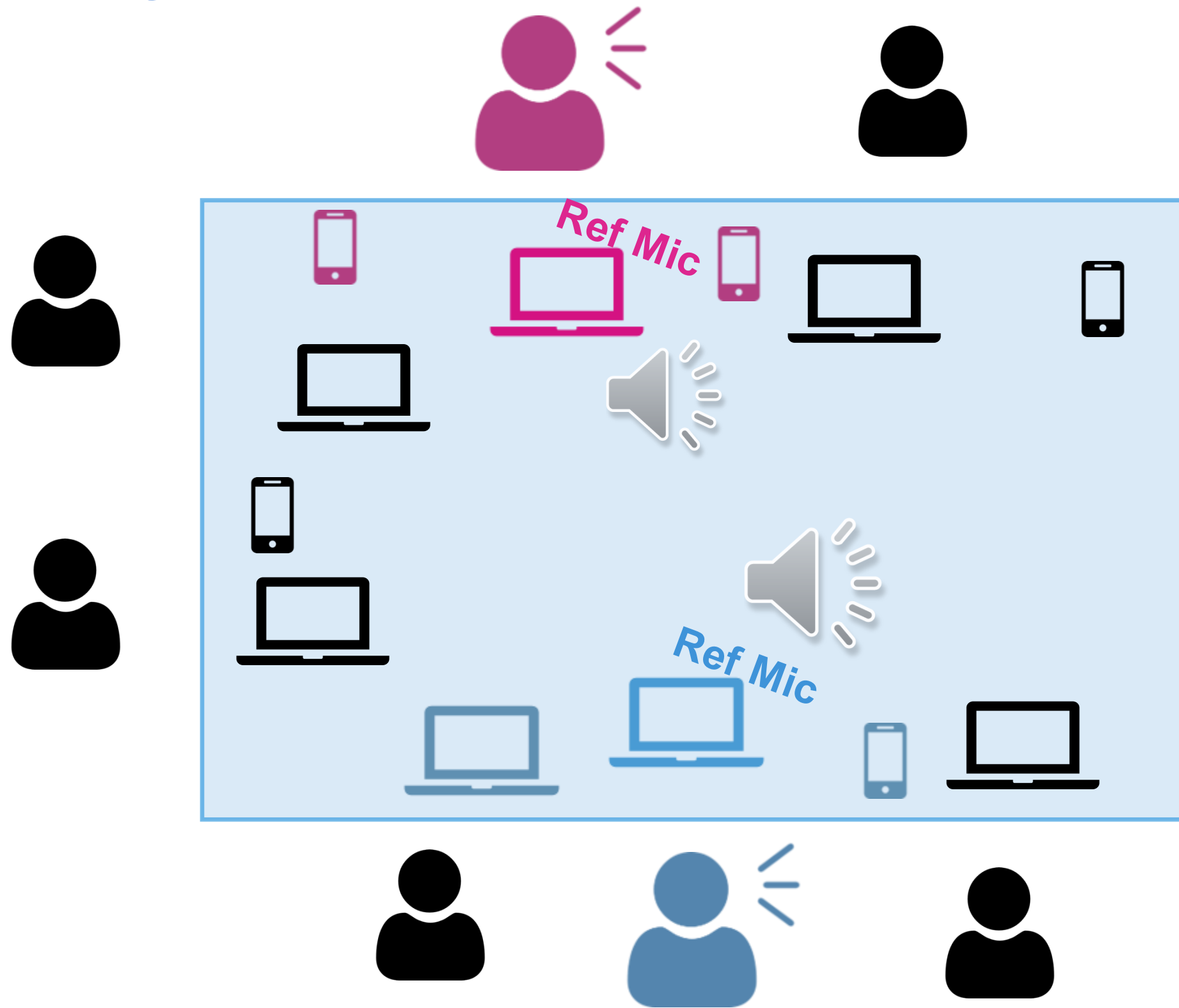
# General Array Agnostic DNNs



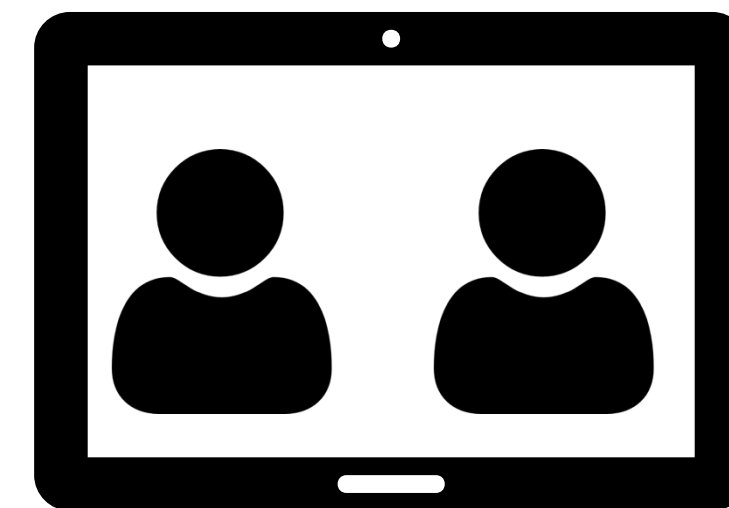
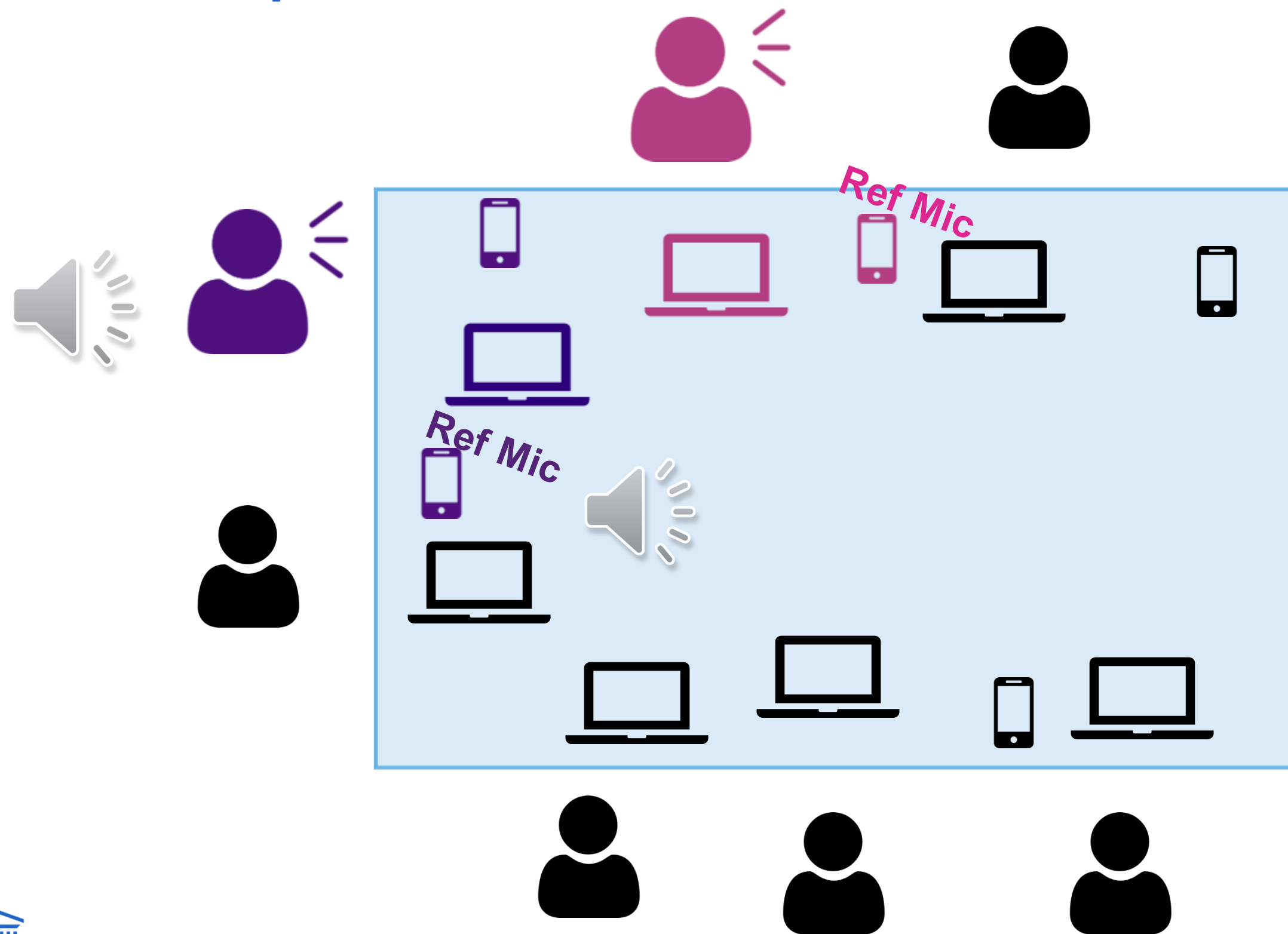
# Ref Mic Promotion



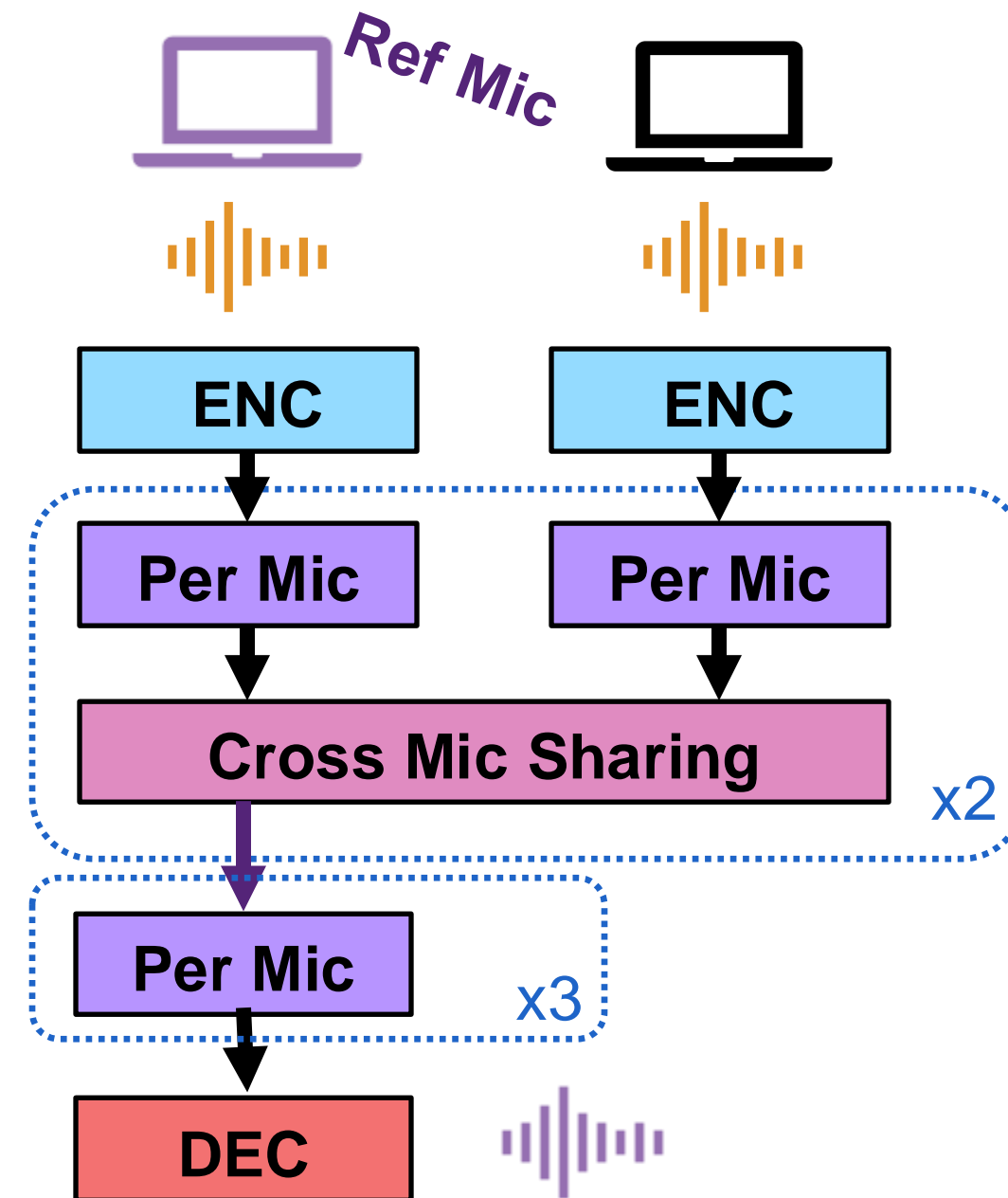
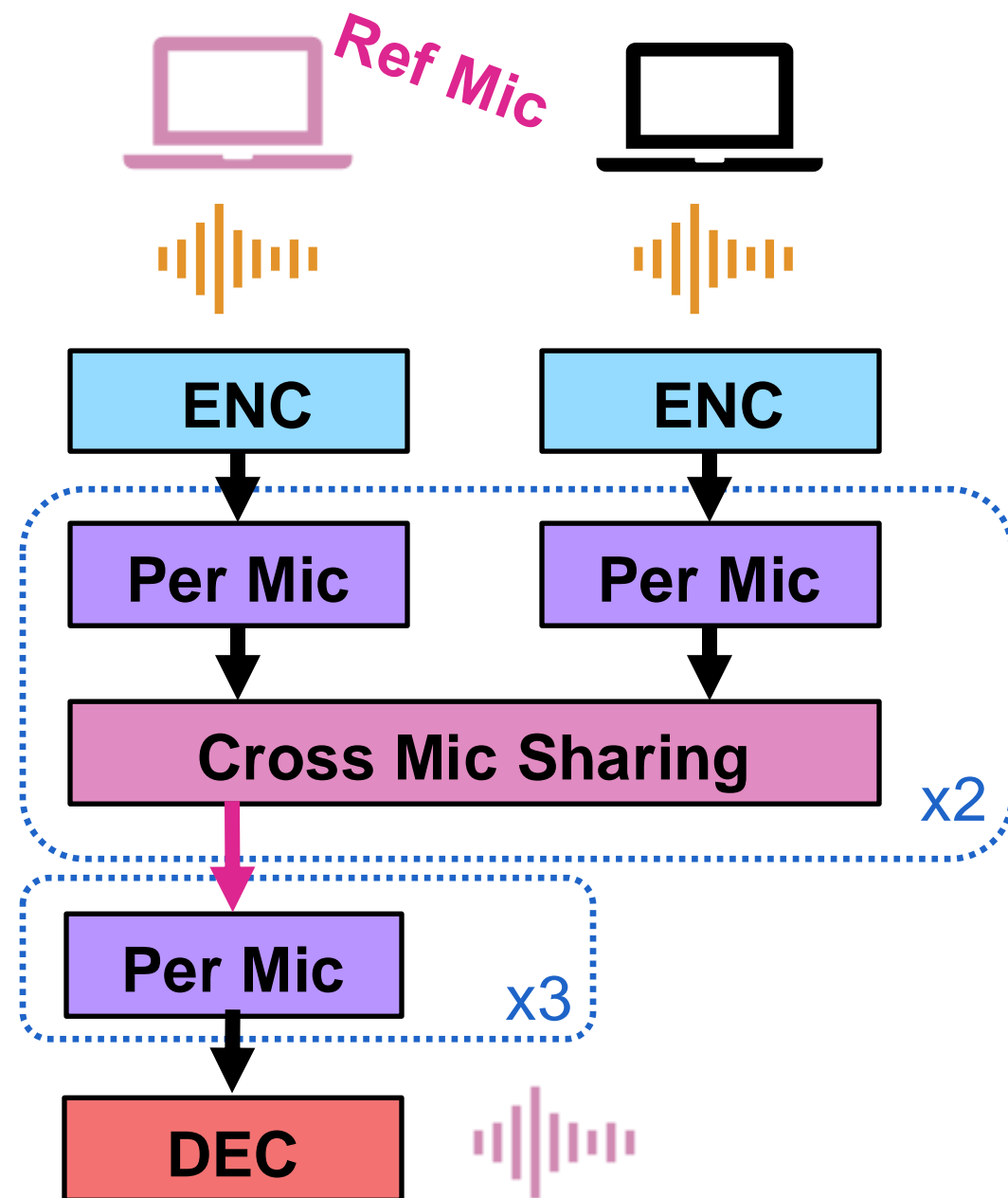
# Clustering



# Close Speakers

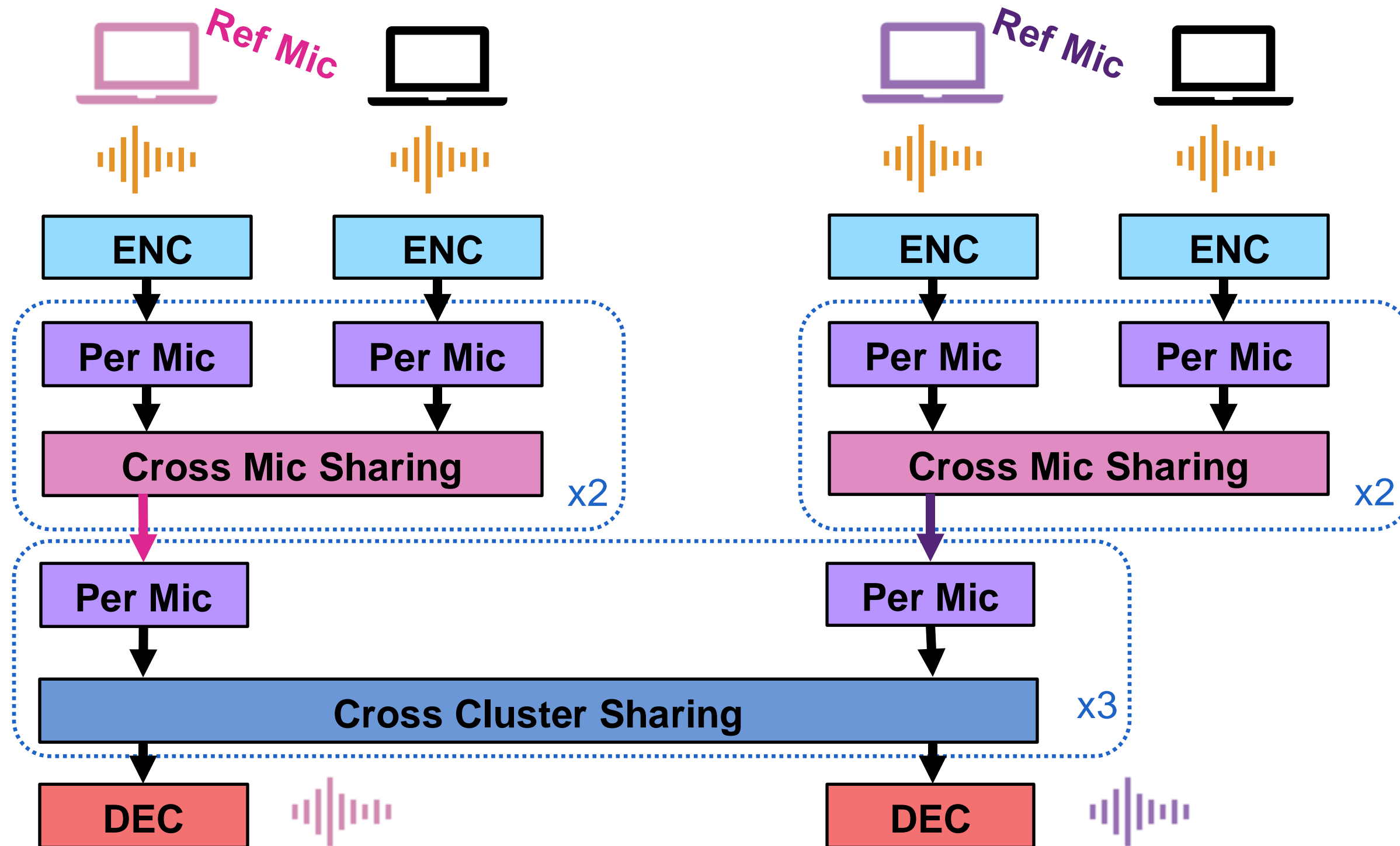


# Cluster Informed DNN

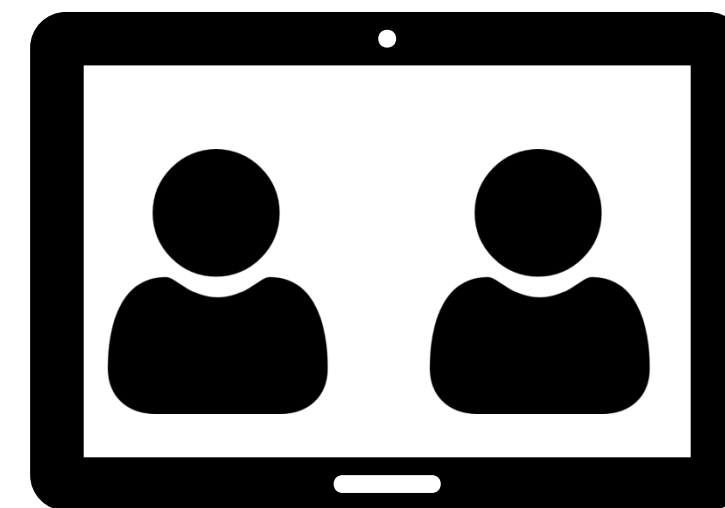
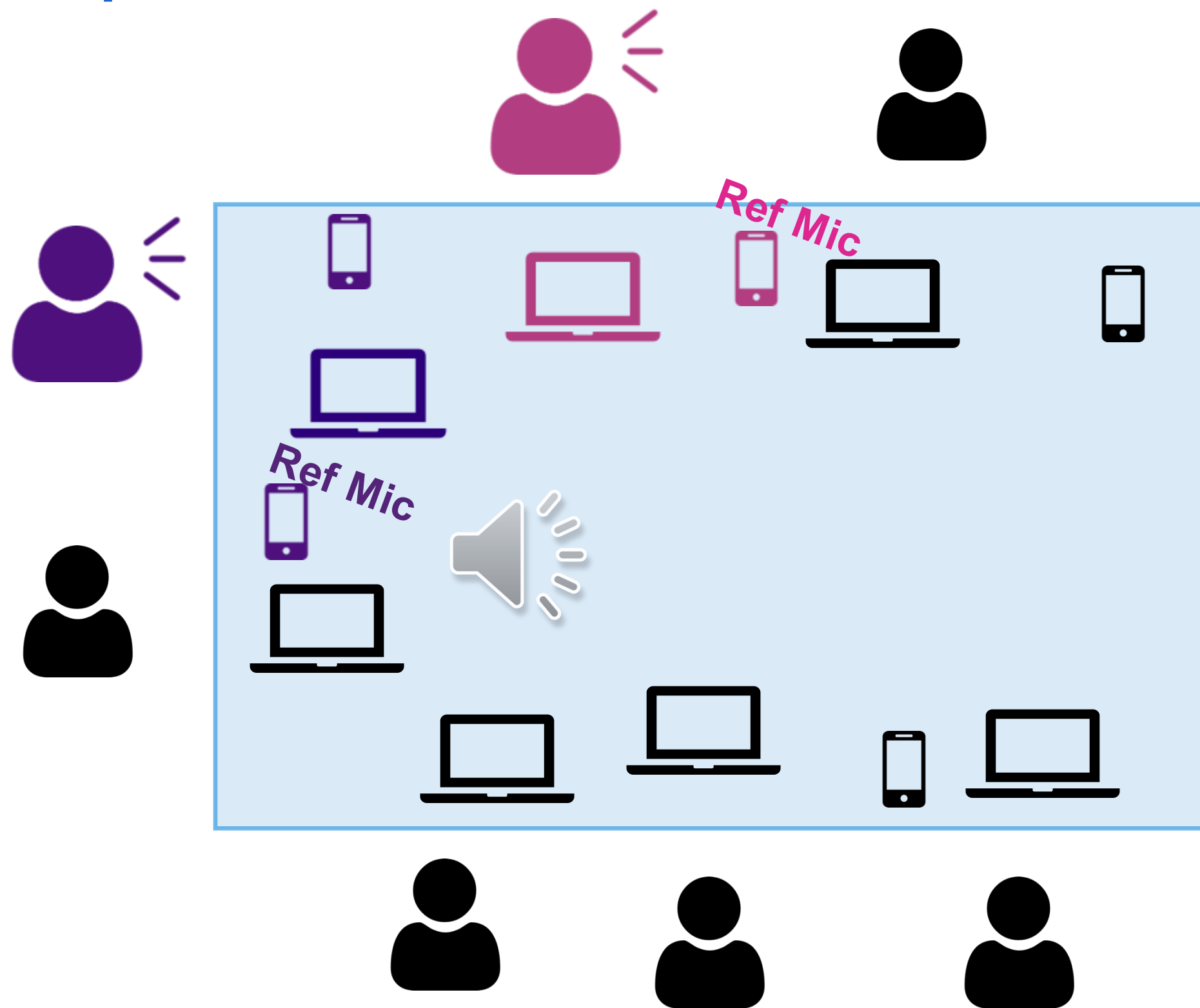




# Cross Cluster Sharing



# Close Speakers



# What is Next?

- Wireless Transmission
  - Encoded Audio
  - Clock asynchronicity
- Source and Microphone Directivity
- Latency, Complexity

# Key takeaways

- Clustering is Crucial in Distributed microphone setups
- Infusing DNNs with underlying structure of the data is beneficial